

Sharp Corp.

TICKER

TKS:6753

MARKET CAPITALIZATION

US\$19 billion

HEADQUARTERS

Japan

DISCLOSURES
UK Modern Slavery Act: Yes (Disclosure of Subsidiary)

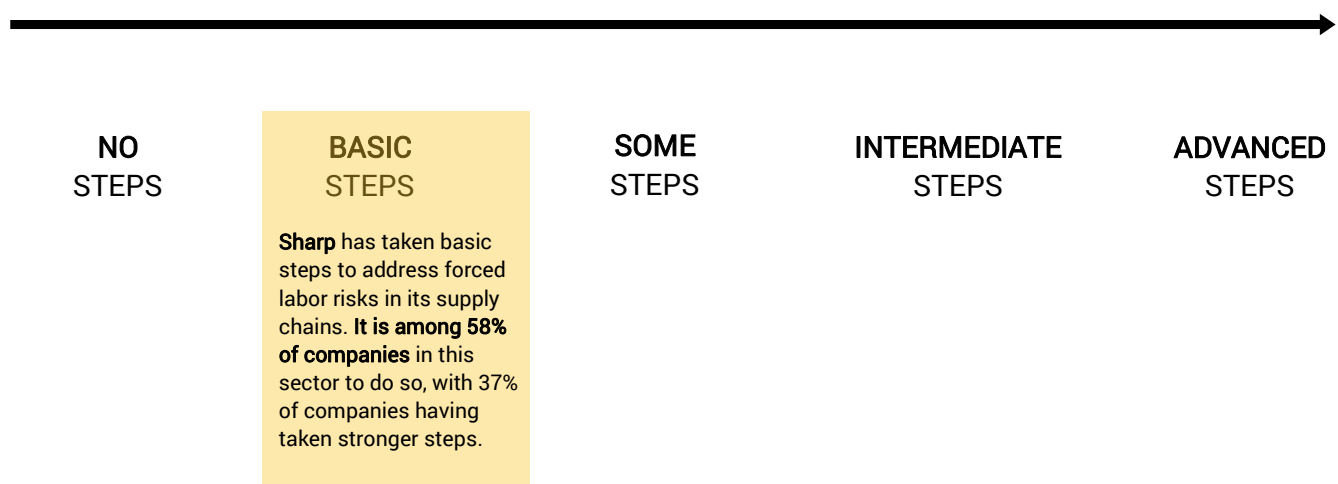
California Transparency in Supply Chains Act: Not applicable

TARGETS

None

Sharp Corp. (Sharp), a Japanese consumer electronics company, has taken basic steps to address forced labor risks in its supply chains. It discloses slightly less information than the global sector average. Other Japan-based consumer electronics companies such as Sony disclose taking stronger steps.

STEPS TAKEN TO ADDRESS FORCED LABOR RISKS IN SUPPLY CHAINS




SUPPLY CHAIN TRANSPARENCY

Supplier List (Including Names and Addresses)

No






















Information on Supply Chain Workforce

No

 The company discloses sourcing from China and Malaysia, two countries where electronics may be produced using forced labor.¹

¹ US Department of Labor (20 September 2018), "[List of Goods Produced by Child Labor or Forced Labor](#)."

SUBSET OF INDICATORS

	 NOT MET	 PARTIALLY MET	 MET	Policy / Process	Outcomes
Supplier Code of Conduct and Integration into Supplier Contracts					
Management and Accountability					Not Applicable
Internal Management					
Board Oversight					
Stakeholder Engagement					Not Applicable
Local Stakeholders					
Peers					
Risk Assessment					
Purchasing Practices					
Recruitment Fees					
Freedom of Association					Not Applicable
Working with Unions					
Examples of Improvements					
Grievance Mechanism					
Remedy Programs / Response to Allegations					

For example, the company discloses its supply chain CSR deployment guidebook, which prohibits forced labor and worker-paid recruitment fees in its supply chains and requires such fees to be repaid to workers where they have been charged. The company’s policy also requires suppliers to have an effective grievance mechanism in place for workers.

Additional steps the company could take include

- engaging with local stakeholders (such as trade unions or worker organizations) and peers to address forced labor risks;
- assessing forced labor risks in its supply chains and disclosing the risks identified; and
- adopting responsible purchasing practices (such as improving planning and forecasting).

COMPANY ENGAGED WITH KNOWTHECHAIN

Informal (i.e., engaged outside the formal three-month engagement period).